



### Emma Hempel She/her Senior Solutions Specialist

### Meet Your Facilitator

Emma Hempel has over ten years of experience in the field of higher education, she previously served as the Title IX Coordinator at the State University of New York at New Paltz. In her previous role, she conducted all Title IX intakes for survivors of sexual and interpersonal violence. She developed and implemented a variety of trainings and workshop on topics including sexual violence prevention, sexual harassment, bystander intervention, and diversity and inclusion. Emma also served as President for the State University of New York's Title IX Coordinator Association (STIXCA) and worked with 64 campuses and their Title IX initiatives.

Emma obtained both undergraduate and graduate degree in Social Justice Educational Studies from SUNY New Paltz. Emma resides in New Paltz, NY.



### Agenda







## The Ever-Evolving Jurisprudence of Title IX

"If nothing else, Title IX Coordinators are experts at adapting."

01

### Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972

"No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

20 U.S.C. § 1681 (1972).





### The Title IX Regulations

Sexual Harassment Only

- Narrows the definition of sexual harassment;
- 2. Narrows the scope of the institution's educational program or activity;

Narrows eligibility to file a complaint;

Develops procedural requirements for the investigation and adjudication of sexual harassment complaints, only.



### Sexual Harassment: Section 106.30

Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the recipient's education program or activity; or

Covered Geography



GRAND RIVER SOLUTIONS

Includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised **substantial control** over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by a postsecondary institution.

On campus or in a building owned or controlled

 Off-campus incident that occurs as part of the institution's operations

Institution exercised substantial control over the respondent and the context of alleged sexual harassment that occurred off campus pursuant to § 106.44(a); or

the incident of sexual harassment occurs at an off-campus building owned or controlled by a student organization officially recognized by a postsecondary institution

### Not Covered

Off campus conduct, even if it has an impact on the educational program or activity;

Conduct that occurs outside of the United States.





"At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the recipient with which the formal complaint is filed." 34 C.F.R. § 106.30

Applicant Accepted/Hired Enrolled/Employed



### Title IX Application Post May 2020 Regulations

#### Type of Conduct

- Hostile Environment Sexual Harassment
- Quid Pro Quo
- Sexual Assault
- Dating/Domestic
  Violence
- Stalking

#### Ed Program or Activity

On campus
 Campus
 Program,
 Activity, Building
 and
 In the United
 States

#### **Required Identity**

Complainant is participating or attempting to participate in the Ed Program or activity

#### Apply 106.45 Procedures

Required Response:

Section 106.45 Procedures

### Conduct Falling Outside the Scope of Title IX

- > Apply other institutional policies and procedures
- Ensure that those policies and procedures are complaint with VAWA/Clery, other intersecting federal and state laws





### **Receipt of Reports**

Actual Knowledge, Report Response, Initial Assessments, and Supportive Measures

02

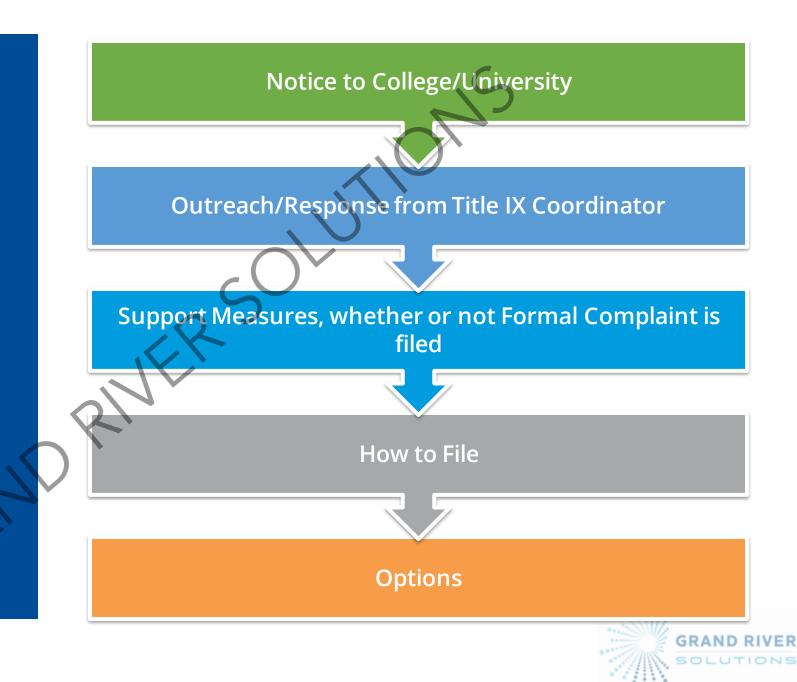
# **A Really** Important Moment. Listen Up. It's Okay...



To sa

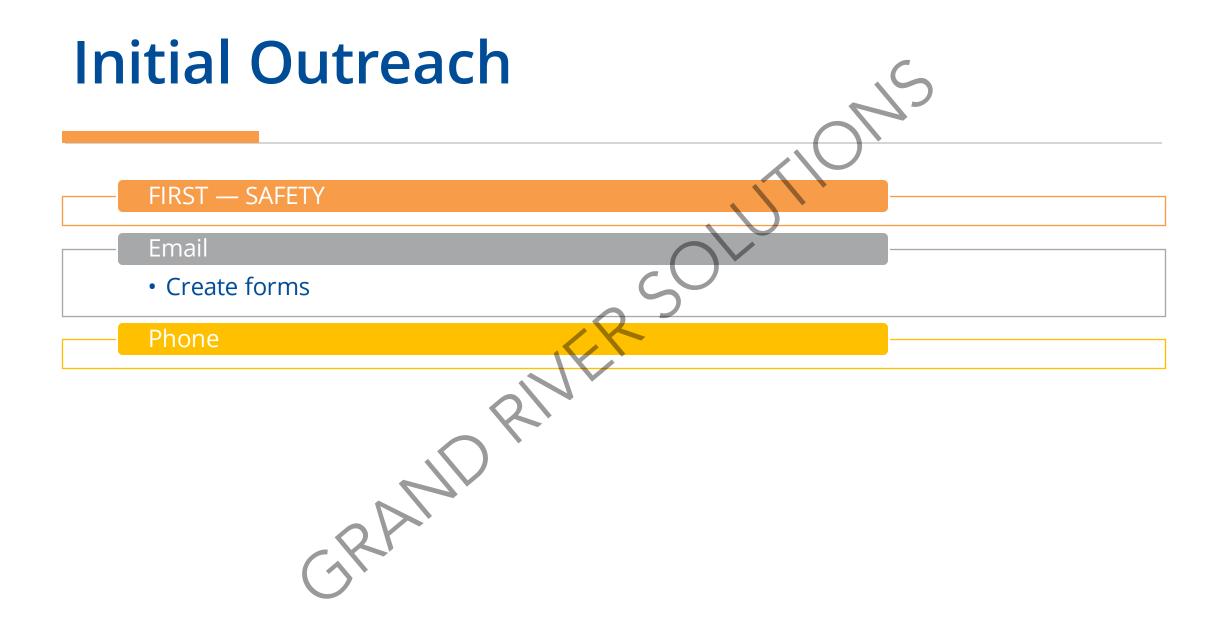
To not know the answer to every question thrown your way

### Regulatory Requirements











### Complainant Intake & Supportive Measures

GRAND

03

# Initial Meeting with the Complainant

- Prepare for the meeting
- Select appropriate space
- Build trust and rapport; empower
- Explain your role
- Discuss available support
- Options for reporting
- Answer questions
- Evidence collection/preservation
- Conclude with a discussion of next steps



### Supportive Measures

Non-Disciplinary May not unreasonably Nonburden the punitive other party Designed to appropriate restore or and preserve reasonably equal access available

Confidential

a

GRAND RIVER SOLUTIONS

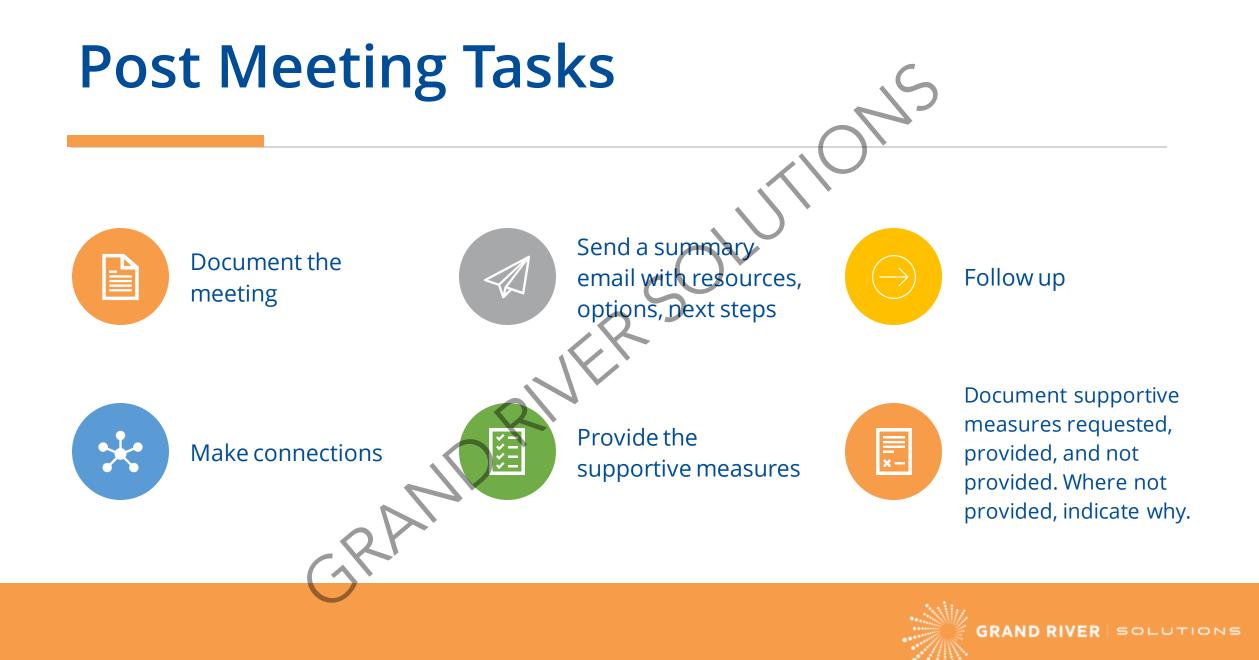
ent

## Examples of Supportive Measures

- Assistance obtaining access to counseling, advocacy, or medical services;
- Assistance obtaining access to academic support and requesting academic accommodations;
- Changes in class schedules;
- Assistance requesting changes in work schedules, job assignments, or other work accommodations;

- Changes in campus housing;
- Safety escorts;
- Leaves of absence;
- Mutual restrictions on contact between the Parties ("No-contact" orders).







# **Report Resolution**

Remedies Based, Informal, or Formal

04

### How to Proceed?



### Remedies-based No formal process

### Alternative/Informal

Signed agreement; Voluntary;

#### Formal/ Investigation/ Hearing

All requirements of 106.45



### Remedies Based Resolution

GRAND

4(a)

### Remedies Based Resolutions

- Supportive Measures
- Educational Conversations
- Targeted Education



# Informal Resolution

GRANDRIN

**4(b)** 

### GRAND RIVER SOLUTIONS

ONS

## **Informal Resolution Requirements**

- Formal Complaint must be filed
- Participation in an informal resolution must be voluntary
- Must occur prior to resolution via a formal process
- Parties must be permitted to withdraw and seek formal resolution
- Voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution must be obtained
- Facilitators of informal resolution must be trained

Informal Resolution is prohibited to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

5



# Formal Resolution

GRANDRIN



### GRAND RIVER SOLUTIONS

ONS



# Putting it all together...

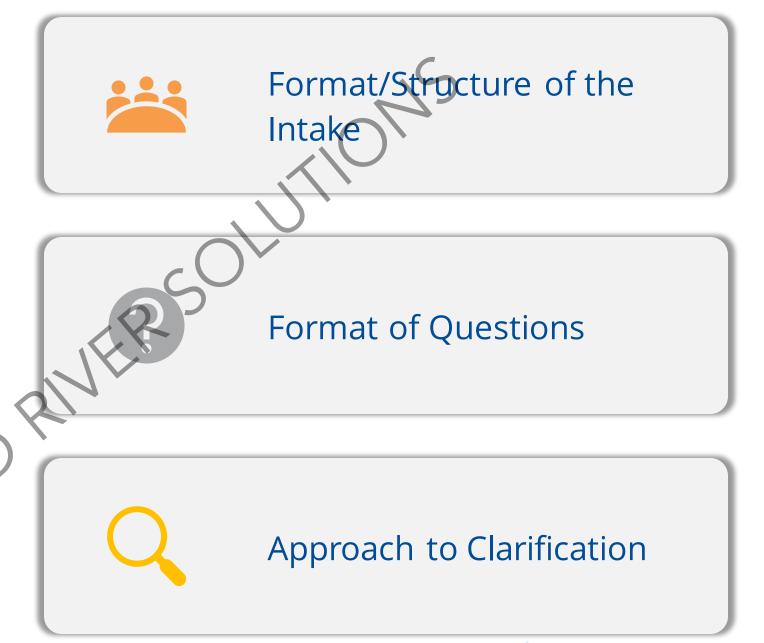


# The Proper Application of Trauma Informed Practices

RAN

05

Trauma informed practices provide tools/techniques for interviewing and engaging with the Complainant, Respondent, and Witnesses.



### Trauma Informed Practices are Designed to:

01

Encourage thorough and complete investigations/int akes 02

Assist with recollection

Reduce potential for false information 04

Minimize unnecessary retraumatization 05

**Reduce Bias** 



Misapplication of Trauma Informed FRS Practices



### **Impartiality** Avoiding Prejudgment and Bias

Do not rely on cultural "rape myths"

Do not rely on cultural stereotypes about how men or women purportedly behave

Do not rely on gender-specific research data or theories to decide or make inferences of relevance or credibility in particular cases

Recognize that anyone, regardless of sex, gender, gender identity or sexual orientation, can be a victim or perpetrator of sexual assault or other violence

Avoid any perception of bias in favor of or against complainants or respondents generally

Employ interview and investigation approaches that demonstrate a commitment to impartiality

## Impartiality

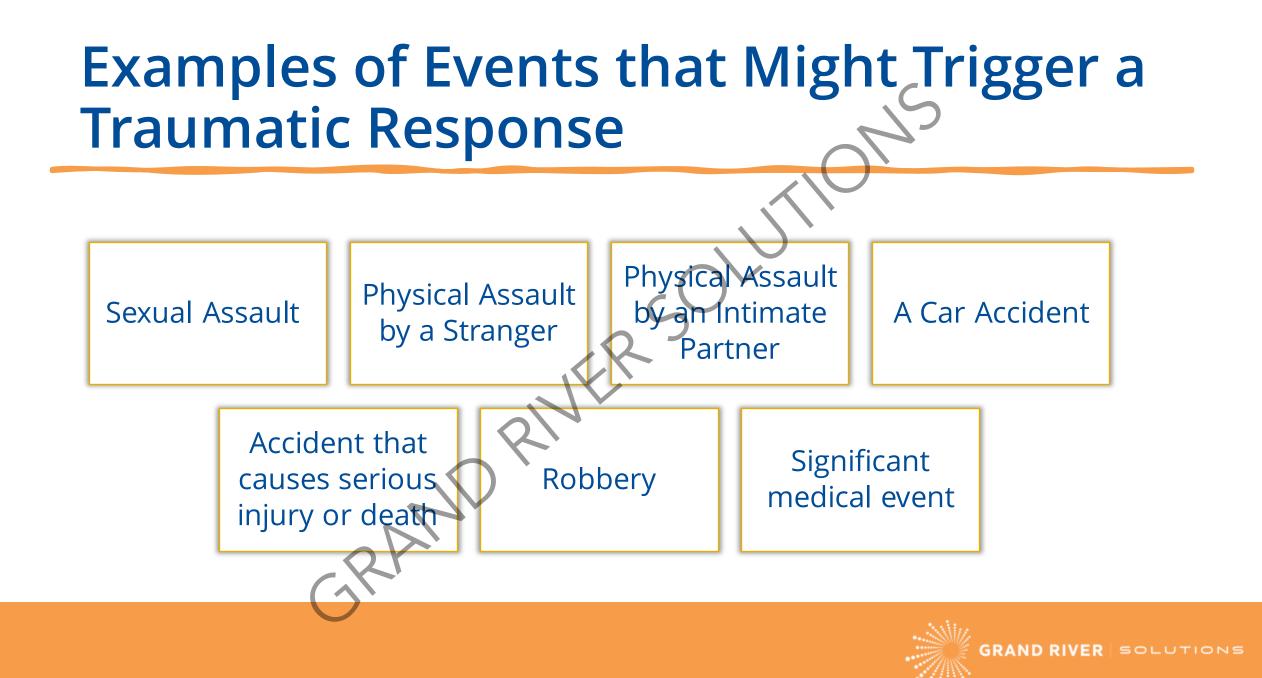
## The Importance of Understanding the Potential Impact of Trauma

-RAND.

06







When trauma occurs, there are very real changes in brain function that <u>may</u> affect a person's ability to make memory and to recount their experience.



Common Characteristics of Disclosures by a Trauma Brain

Inconsistent

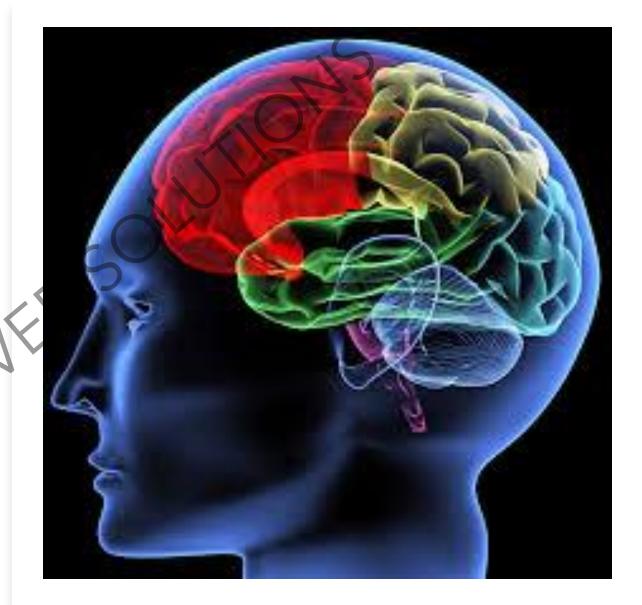
Non-linear

Fragmented

Lack of detail

New information

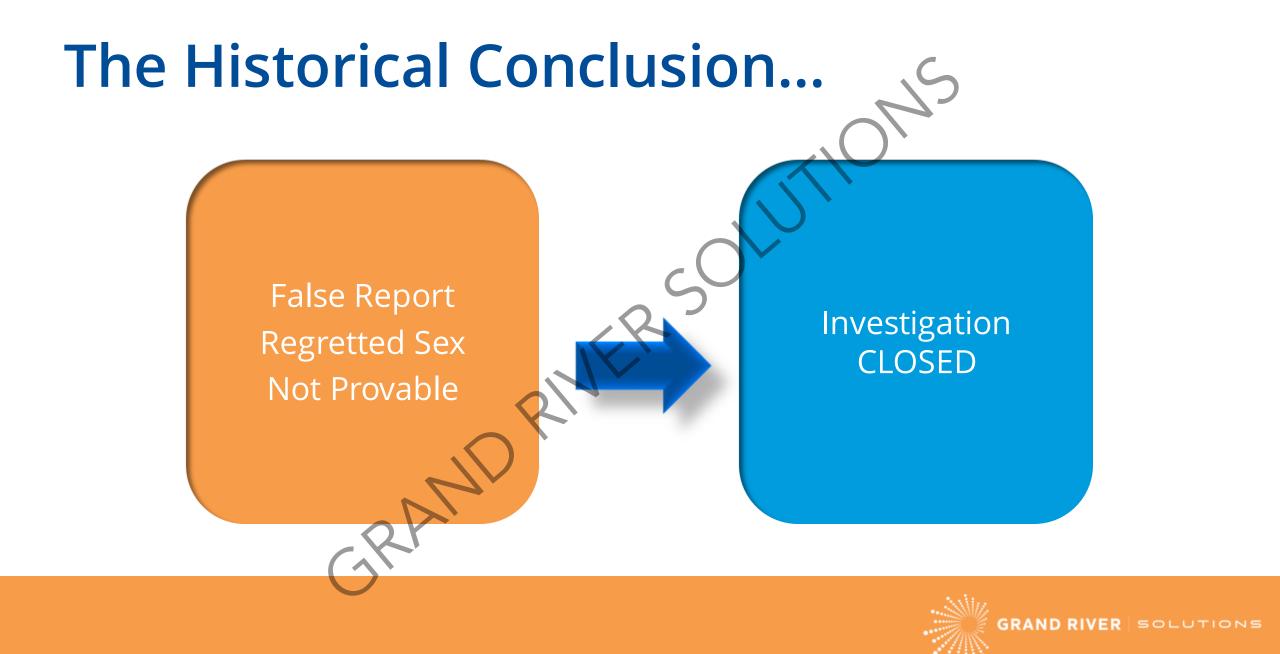
Affect is unexpected



Historically, the seemingly inconsistent behaviors that frequently accompany disclosures of sexual assault and interpersonal violence resulted in the belief that the victim was being dishonest.







. . . . . . . . . .

......

.....

•••••

When an investigator uses "trauma informed" tools, they are less likely to:

CONCLUDE, WITHOUT A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION, THAT THE REPORTING INDIVIDUAL IS NOT CREDIBLE

ASK QUESTIONS OR MAKE DECISIONS FOUNDED IN BIAS



CAUSE ADDITIONAL HARM JEOPARDIZE FUTURE REPORTING





# SOLL **Scenarios** GRANDRIVER

06

### GRAND RIVER SOLUTIONS

TIONS

# The Title IX Office receives the following anonymous report via your institution's online reporting form

Riley Smith is in trouble. I live on their floor in River Hall and I constantly hear fighting and crying coming from their room at night. Every time I see Riley with their partner, they seem really submissive and nervous and I have noticed bruises on Riley the mornings after the biggest fights. The RA and Riley's partner are friend and so the RA doesn't do anything about it. It's getting so bad that some of the other people on the floor are talking about intervening, but we are afraid of Riley's partner too.





©Grand River Solutions, Inc., 2020. Copyrighted material. Express permission to post training materials for those who attended a training provided by Grand River Solutions is granted to comply with 34 C.F.R. § 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). These training materials are intended for use by licensees only. Use of this material for any other reason without permission is prohibited.

